

Joule

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The **joule** (symbol **J**), named for James Prescott Joule, is the derived unit of energy in the International System of Units. It is the energy exerted by a force of one newton acting to move an object through a distance of one metre. In terms of dimensions:

$$1\text{ J} = 1\text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2 \cdot \text{s}^{-2}$$

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Definition

One *joule* is defined as the amount of work done by a force of one newton moving an object through a distance of one metre. Other relationships are:

- The work required to move an electric charge of one coulomb through an electrical potential difference of one volt; or one *coulomb volt* (C·V). (This relationship can be used to define the volt);
- The work required to continuously produce one watt of power for one second; or one *watt second* (W·s) (compare kilowatt hour). (This relationship can be used to define the watt)

Conversions

1 joule is equal to:

- 1×10^7 ergs (exactly)
- $6.241\,509\,74 \times 10^{18}$ eV (electronvolts)
- 0.2390 cal (thermochemical gram calories or small calories)
- 2.3901×10^{-4} kcal (thermochemical kilocalories, kilogram calories, large calories or food calories)
- 9.4782×10^{-4} BTU (British thermal unit)
- 0.7376 ft·lbf (foot-pound force)
- 23.7 ft·pdl (foot-poundals)
- 2.7778×10^{-7} kilowatt-hour
- 2.7778×10^{-4} watt-hour
- 9.8692×10^{-3} litre-atmosphere
- 1×10^{-44} Foe (exactly)

Units defined in terms of the joule include:

- 1 thermochemical calorie = 4.184 J
- 1 International Table calorie = 4.1868 J
- 1 watt hour = 3600 J
- 1 kilowatt hour = 3.6×10^6 J (or 3.6 MJ)
- 1 ton TNT = 4.184 GJ

Useful to remember:

- 1 joule = 1 newton × 1 metre = 1 watt × 1 second



Practical examples

One joule in everyday life is approximately:

- the energy required to lift a small apple one meter straight up.

- the energy released when that same apple falls one meter to the ground.
- the energy released as heat by a person at rest, every hundredth of a second.
- the energy required to heat one gram of dry, cool air by 1 degree Celsius.
- one hundredth of the energy a person can receive by drinking a drop of beer.
- the kinetic energy of an adult human moving at a speed of about a handspan every second.

SI multiples

SI multiples for joule (J)					
Submultiples			Multiples		
Value	Symbol	Name	Value	Symbol	Name
10 ^{−1} J	dJ	decijoule	10 ¹ J	daJ	decajoule
10 ^{−2} J	cJ	centijoule	10 ² J	hJ	hectojoule
10 ^{−3} J	mJ	millijoule	10 ³ J	kJ	kilojoule
10 ^{−6} J	μJ	microjoule	10 ⁶ J	MJ	megajoule
10 ^{−9} J	nJ	nanojoule	10 ⁹ J	GJ	gigajoule
10 ^{−12} J	pJ	picojoule	10 ¹² J	TJ	terajoule
10 ^{−15} J	fJ	femtojoule	10 ¹⁵ J	PJ	petajoule
10 ^{−18} J	aJ	attojoule	10 ¹⁸ J	EJ	exajoule
10 ^{−21} J	zJ	zeptojoule	10 ²¹ J	ZJ	zettajoule
10 ^{−24} J	yJ	yoctojoule	10 ²⁴ J	YJ	yottajoule
Common multiples are in bold face					

This SI unit is named after James Prescott Joule. As with every SI unit whose name is derived from the proper name of a person, the first letter of its symbol is uppercase (J). When an SI unit is spelled out in English, it should always begin with a lowercase letter (**joule**), except where *any* word would be capitalized, such as at the beginning of a sentence or in capitalized material such as a title. Note that "degree Celsius" conforms to this rule because the "d" is lowercase.

—Based on *The International System of Units* (http://www.bipm.org/en/si/si_brochure/chapter5/5-2.html), section 5.2.

See also

- Conversion of units
- Orders of magnitude (energy)
- Fluence

References

- The adoption of joules as units of energy (<http://www.fao.org/docrep/meeting/009/ae906e/ae906e17.htm>), FAO/WHO Ad Hoc Committee of Experts on Energy and Protein, 1971. A report on the changeover from calories to joules in nutrition.

External links

- Unit conversion from joule (<http://formularium.org/?go=122>)
- Online Joule Converter (http://www.imperialtometric.com/conversion_en.htm)
- Joule in E=mc² (<http://www.worsleyschool.net/science/files/emc2/emc2.html>)

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Categories: SI derived units | Units of energy

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